## LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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## FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

**LS 7441 NOTE PREPARED:** Jan 6, 2009

BILL NUMBER: SB 398 BILL AMENDED:

**SUBJECT:** Unattended Children in Cars.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Simpson BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

 $\overline{\underline{X}}$  DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> Criminal Penalty: The bill makes recklessly leaving a child less than seven years of age unattended in a vehicle a Class A misdemeanor.

*Civil Immunity:* The bill also grants civil immunity to a law enforcement officer who takes reasonable steps to protect a child left unattended in a vehicle.

Effective Date: July 1, 2009.

## **Explanation of State Expenditures:**

**Explanation of State Revenues:** *Criminal Penalty:* There are no data available to indicate how many offenders may be convicted of leaving an unattended child in a car, a Class A misdemeanor.

If additional court cases occur and fines are collected, revenue to both the Common School Fund and the state General Fund would increase. The maximum fine for a Class A misdemeanor is \$5,000. Criminal fines are deposited in the Common School Fund.

If the case is filed in a circuit, superior, or county court, 70% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed and collected when a guilty verdict is entered would be deposited in the state General Fund. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 55% of the fee would be deposited in the state General Fund. In addition, some or all of the document storage fee (\$2), automated record keeping fee (\$7), judicial salaries fee (\$18), public defense administration fee (\$3), court administration fee (\$5), judicial insurance adjustment fee (\$1), and the DNA sample processing fee (\$1) are deposited into the state General Fund.

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**Explanation of Local Expenditures:** *Criminal Penalty:* A Class A misdemeanor is punishable by up to one year in jail. The average daily cost to incarcerate a prisoner in a county jail is approximately \$44.

Explanation of Local Revenues: Criminal Penalty: If additional court actions occur and a guilty verdict is entered, local governments would receive revenue from the following sources: The county general fund would receive 27% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed in a court of record. Cities and towns maintaining a law enforcement agency that prosecutes at least 50% of its ordinance violations in a court of record may receive 3% of court fees. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 20% of the court fee would be deposited in the county general fund and 25% would be deposited in the city or town general fund. In addition, several additional fees may be collected at the discretion of the judge and depending upon the particular type of criminal case.

## **State Agencies Affected:**

Local Agencies Affected: Trial courts, local law enforcement agencies.

**Information Sources:** 

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